York, as later arranged), and one regional Latin American seminar. Canada was asked to nominate two educators to participate in each of the three.

The 1948 budget makes provision for a world conference of university representatives in the hope that an international association of universities may be established. It also provides for a world conference of leaders in adult education. The Canadian Association for Adult Education invited UNESCO to hold this latter conference in Canada, but it is to be postponed until 1949.

**Communication.**—The program under the general heading of Communication includes exchange of persons, mass media (press, radio and film), libraries, etc.

The Exchange of Persons Bureau in the Secretariat has some money at its disposal for fellowships, but its main function is that of a clearing house for information. Fifty-two fellowships out of UNESCO funds, to students in war-damaged countries, were announced early in 1948, and a larger number provided by Member States or national or international organizations were put at the disposal of UNESCO for allocation. Other bodies awarding international fellowships on their own account relied heavily on the Bureau for information.

The study of technical needs and removal of obstacles to the free flow of information in mass media are being continued. In addition a production unit is being organized capable of initiating and influencing production in press, radio and film within the field of UNESCO interests.

Various efforts are being made to increase the understanding and use of public libraries, the improvement of bibliography, and the production of low-priced books, and to improve copyright law on a world-wide basis.

Cultural Interchange.—Assistance is being given to the International Theatre Institute established in 1947, and efforts are being made to establish an International Music Institute. The scope of the International Pool of Literature is being extended. The distribution of reproductions of national works of art is being facilitated. Plans for organized exchanges of exhibitions and collections between the museums and galleries of different countries are being developed. The establishment of an International Council of Associations concerned with philosophy and the humanistic studies is to be assisted.

Human and Social Relations.—The chief concern of the Social Sciences Section of the Secretariat in 1948 is the organization of studies under the general heading of Tensions Affecting International Understanding. The interest and assistance of social scientists in universities of the various countries is being enlisted. A major concern of the Philosophy Section is an analysis of current ideological conflicts.

Natural Sciences.—The Natural Science Section of the Secretariat in 1947 established Field Science Co-operation Offices in the Middle East, the Far East and Latin America, and planned to establish a fourth in South Asia in 1948. The purpose is to facilitate two-way communication between the scientists of these areas and of Europe and North America.

International scientific collaboration is also being furthered by means of grantsin-aid and other forms of assistance to international scientific and technological organizations. There is close collaboration with the International Council of Scientific Unions. The organization of an International Institute of the Hylean Amazon was expected in 1948 on the initiative of UNESCO, to be financed largely by governments in northern South America.